Institute of Natural Resource Sustainablity

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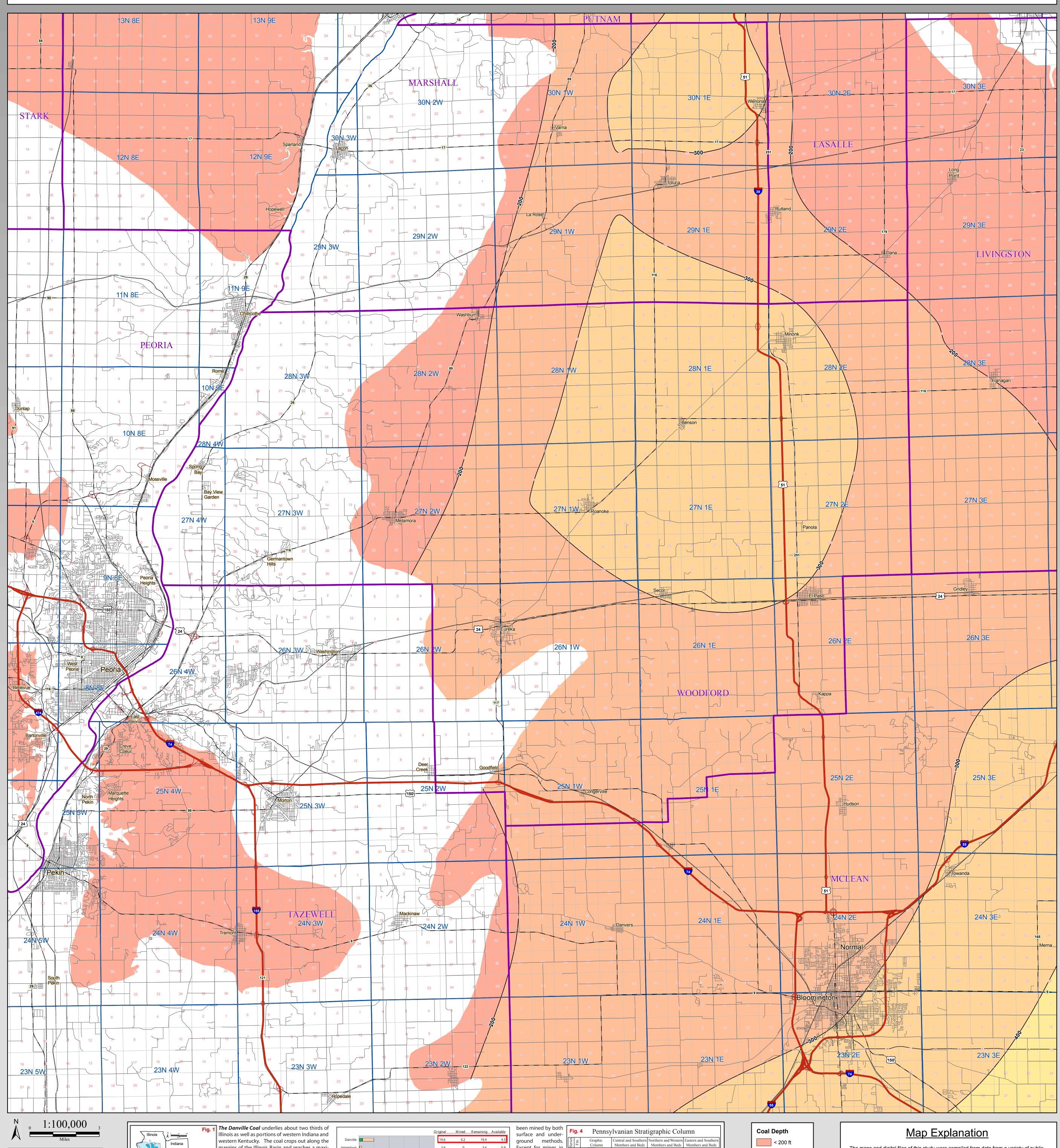
Danville Coal Depth WOODFORD County

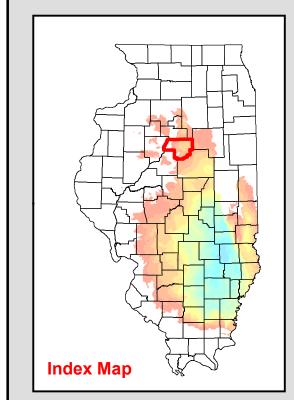
County Coal Map Series Andrew Louchios, Scott Elrick, Chris Korose, David Morse

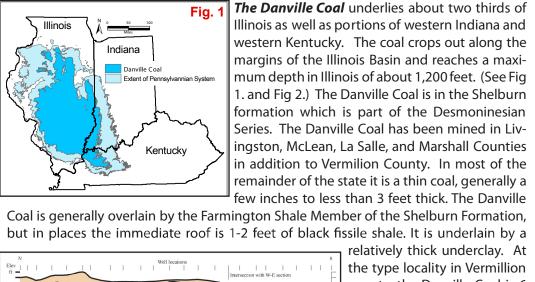
Map construction: October 26, 2009

This product is under review and may not meet the standards of the Illinois State Geological Survey.

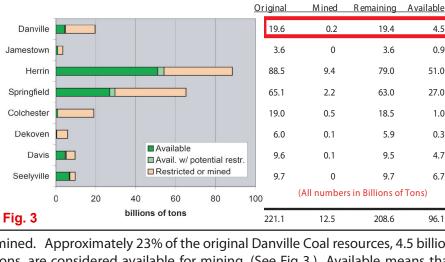
County coal maps and select quadrangle maps available as downloadable PDF files at: http://www.isgs.illinois.edu/maps-data-pub/coal-maps/county-index.shtml







kins, 1968 - B95). (See Fig 4.) The original resource of Dan-



relatively thick underclay. At mined. Approximately 23% of the original Danville Coal resources, 4.5 billion the type locality in Vermillion tons, are considered available for mining. (See Fig 3.) Available means that to be too thin or too county, the Danville Coal is 6 the surface land-use and geologic conditions related to mining of the deposit feet thick and occurs 20 feet (e.g. thickness, depth, in-place tonnage, stability of bedrock overburden) are tify recovery and was above the Herrin Coal. (Hop- comparable to other coals currently being mined in the state. Of these resources, 4 billion tons occur in coal 42 to 66 inches thick and 0.4 billion tons occur in thicknesses greater than 66 inches.

ville Coal in the State of Illi- **T**he Danville Coal has been mined in Illinois for over 100 years, but only about

Except for mines in

east-central Illinois,

most large surface

mines recover the

Danville Coal only as

part of their opera-

Farmington Shale Danville Coal tion to remove over-Coal. In many cases, Herrin Coal Spring Lake Coal Bed Big Creek Sandstone Herrin Coal simply discarded in the spoil pile with other rock overburden. (Modified from ISGS Pub. IM 124, Korose, et al) - Handbook of Illinois Stratigraphy, 1975, Illinois State Geological Survey Bulletin 95, 261p. - Christopher P. Korose, Colin G. Treworgy, Russell J. Jacobson, and Scott D. Elrick, 2002, Availabilnois totals 19.6 billion tons, 1% of the original resource has been depleted. The most extensive area of ity of the Danville, Jamestown, Dekoven, Davis, and Seelyville Coals for mining in Selected Areas of which 0.2 billion have been mining was in east-central Illinois near the city of Danville where the coal has

Rock Branch (SW)/ DeGraff (S) Coal

of Illinois: Illinois State Geological Survey Illinois Minerals 124, 44 p.

Lonsdale Limestone

Gimlet Sandstone

600 to 700 ft 700 to 800 ft conceptual model of the geology of the area on which to base further work. 800 to 900 ft These data are not intended for use in site-specific screening or decision-making. 900 to 1000 ft 1000 to 1100 ft 1100 to 1200 ft 1200 to 1300 ft

200 to 300 ft

300 to 400 ft

400 to 500 ft

500 to 600 ft

1300 to 1400 ft

1400 to 1500 ft

1500 to 1600 ft

The maps and digital files of this study were compiled from data from a variety of public and private sources and have varying degrees of completeness and accuracy. They present interpretations of the geology of the area and are based on available data. However, these interpretations are based on data that may vary with respect to accuracy of geographic location, type, quantity, and reliability, as they were supplied to the Illinois State Geological Survey. Consequently, the accuracy of the interpreted features shown in these files is subject to the limitations of the data and varies from place to place. Contoured features less than 7 million square feet (about 1/2 mile square) in area may not be accurately portrayed or resolved. This data set provides a large-scale

Disclaimer

The Illinois State Geological Survey and the University of Illinois make no guarantee, expressed or implied, regarding the correctness of the interpretations presented in this data set and accept no liability for the consequences of decisions made by others on the basis of the information presented here.

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